

# Evolutionary developmental systems as "self-made puzzles" that can be programmed: Lessons from biological morphogenesis

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# De facto complexity of engineering (ICT) systems

#### Ineluctable breakup into myriads of modules/components, Desirable



in hardware,



software,



or networks, ...



number of transistors/year



number of O/S lines of code/year



number of network hosts/year

# Embracing complexity in design & design in complexity

### > We are faced with complex systems in many domains



- large number of elementary agents interacting locally
- simple individual behaviors creating a complex emergent collective behavior
- *decentralized dynamics: no master blueprint or grand architect*

physical, biological, technical, social systems (natural or artificial)



pattern formation O = matter



biological development O = cell



the brain & cognition O = neuron





Internet & Web = host/page



social networks O = person



# From natural CS to designed CS and back

> The challenges of complex systems (CS) research

Transfersamong systems



*CS science: understanding "natural" CS* (spontaneously emergent, including human activity)

#### **Exports**

- decentralization
- <u>autonomy</u>, homeostasis
- learning, evolution



CS engineering: designing a new generation of "artificial" CS (harnessed & tamed, including nature)

#### Imports

- observe, model
- control, harness
- design, use

# The need for morphogenetic abilities: self-architecturing

 $\succ$  Model natural systems  $\rightarrow$  transfer to artificial systems

- need for morphogenetic abilities in biological modeling
  - organism development
  - brain development
- need for morphogenetic abilities in computer science & Al
  - self-forming robot swarm
  - self-architecturing software
  - self-connecting micro-components
- need for morphogenetic abilities in techno-social eNetworked systems
  - self-reconfiguring manufacturing plant
  - self-stabilizing energy grid
  - self-deploying emergency taskforce







http://www.symbrion.eu



MAST agents, Rockwell Automation Research Center {pvrba, vmarik}@ra.rockwell.com

#### Development: the missing link of the Modern Synthesis...

"When Charles Darwin proposed his theory of evolution by variation and selection, explaining selection was his great achievement. He could not explain <u>variation</u>. That was Darwin's dilemma."

"To understand novelty in evolution, we need to understand organisms down to their individual building blocks, down to their deepest components, for these are what undergo change."



Development: the missing link of the Modern Synthesis...



*macroscopic, emergent level* 

"To understand novelty in evolution, we need to understand organisms down to their individual building blocks, down to their deepest components, for these are what undergo change."



> Development: the missing link of the Modern Synthesis...



level

### ... and of Evolutionary Computation: toward "meta-design"

organisms endogenously *grow* but artificial systems *are built* exogenously

systems design systems "meta-design"



✓ could engineers "step back" from their creation and only set generic conditions for systems to self-assemble?

*instead of building the system from the top (phenotype), <u>program the</u> <u>components</u> from the bottom (genotype)* 



# The evolutionary "self-made puzzle" paradigm



- a. Construe systems as *selfassembling (developing) puzzles*
- b. Design and *program their pieces* (the "genotype")
- c. Let them evolve by *variation* of the pieces and *selection* of the architecture (the "phenotype")

### ➢ Genotype: rules at the *micro* level of agents

- ✓ ability to *search* and *connect* to other agents
- ✓ ability to *interact* with them over those connections
- ability to *modify* one's internal state (differentiate) and rules (evolve)
- ✓ ability to provide a specialized local *function*

Phenotype: collective behavior, visible at the macro level

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# Systems that are self-organized and architectured



#### free self-organization

the challenge for complex systems: integrate a true architecture

the challenge for complicated systems: integrate *self-organization* 



Peugeot Picass

#### deliberate design



#### designed self-organization / self-organized design

# The challenges of developmental systems

#### Going beyond the "soup" of complexity

- ✓ "complex" doesn't necessarily imply "homogeneous"...
  - → *heterogeneous* agents and diverse patterns, via positions
- ✓ "complex" doesn't necessarily imply "flat" (or "scale-free")...
  - → modular, hierarchical, detailed architecture (at specific scales)
- ✓ "complex" doesn't necessarily imply "random"...
  - → *reproducible patterns relying on programmable agents*









# **Hierarchical morphogenesis**







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# The Self-Made Puzzle



Ádám Szabó, *The chicken or the egg* (2005) http://www.szaboadam.hu